

The impact of Artificial Intelligence on the Military Decision-Making Process (MDMP) and Mission Command (MC): A Comprehensive Approach

Author: Lieutenant Colonel Patrick Hofstetter, PhD, M.Sc., is Co-Head of Leadership and Communication Studies at the Swiss Military Academy at ETH Zurich. He is an active General Staff Officer in the Swiss Armed Forces and serves as training officer in the general staff of operational studies and training. His research interests are command, leadership, and management in the armed forces. He has published on tactical command and training in the Swiss Armed Forces and co-edited the anthology “Leadership Concepts: An International Perspective” (2024).

1st Lieutenant Marius Geller serves as an Infantry platoon leader in the Mountain Infantry Battalion 85 and will become a company commander in the very same battalion. He is pursuing a bachelor’s degree at the Military Academy in order to become a career officer for the Swiss Armed Forces. His study interests are leadership as well as military sociology. As a career officer, he will be involved in coaching and teaching reservists.

Lieutenant Florian Gerster serves as Fire Support Officer in the Staff of Artillery Group 1 and aims to become a company commander in the Reconnaissance Battalion 1. He is also pursuing a bachelor’s degree at the Military Academy at ETH Zurich to become a career officer in the Swiss Armed Forces. His study interests are leadership, technology, and strategy in the armed forces. As a career officer, he will be involved in coaching and teaching reservists.

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Abstract:

The gradual integration of artificial intelligence (AI) into military operations is reshaping military command, leadership, and management. Western militaries face the challenge of adapting their command and control structures while harnessing the capabilities of these innovations. They often focus on doctrinal and organisational implications. However, they tend to neglect the impact on leadership philosophies such as Mission Command (MC), considered the gold standard in Western militaries. MC is based on decentralised decision-making, mutual trust across the hierarchy and subordinate initiative. To be effective, such a philosophy must be embedded in military decision-making processes (MDMP) across all levels, as well as in doctrine (tactics).

This paper analyses how the integration of AI affects the procedural, doctrinal, and cultural aspects of military command as reflected in MDMP, tactics, and MC. While AI offers opportunities to increase efficiency, speed, and precision in MDMP, it also allows military units to either decentralise or centralise decision-making. This can either increase or decrease the autonomy and initiative of subordinate commanders, and change the speed and intensity of interaction, potentially undermining mutual trust or delegating it to AI. As AI tools become more sophisticated, the traditional hierarchical flow of command, control and information may evolve into a more networked approach, challenging established doctrines. Taking a holistic approach, this paper seeks to develop approaches to demonstrate the impact of AI on doctrine, culture and organisation, and the interdependencies between them, to enable technological advances to enhance rather than hinder operational effectiveness.

Bottom-line-up-front:

The integration of artificial intelligence in the armed forces not only affects structures (such as C2I), processes (such as military decision-making) and doctrine, but also the less tangible aspects of leadership, such as Mission Command as a philosophy of Western militaries. Only a simultaneous consideration of these areas allows the integration of AI to be thought of holistically and the necessary adjustments to be made in all areas.

Problem statement: How does the integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) affect the Military Decision-Making Process (MDMP) and Mission Command (MC), and what impact does this have on achieving a balance between structured decision-making and decentralized execution in the Western Militaries?

So what?:

The results should help any commander to adapt not only processes and doctrine, but also the way they shape leadership culture as they integrate AI.

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